

## PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR SCALING UP NOVI SAD COMPOSTING PROJECT TO TREAT ORGANIC WASTE FROM THE ENTIRE SOUTH BACKA REGION







Dusan Milovanovic Novi Sad, 14<sup>th</sup> September

#### Background

#### South Bačka Waste Management Region (SBWMR) covers:

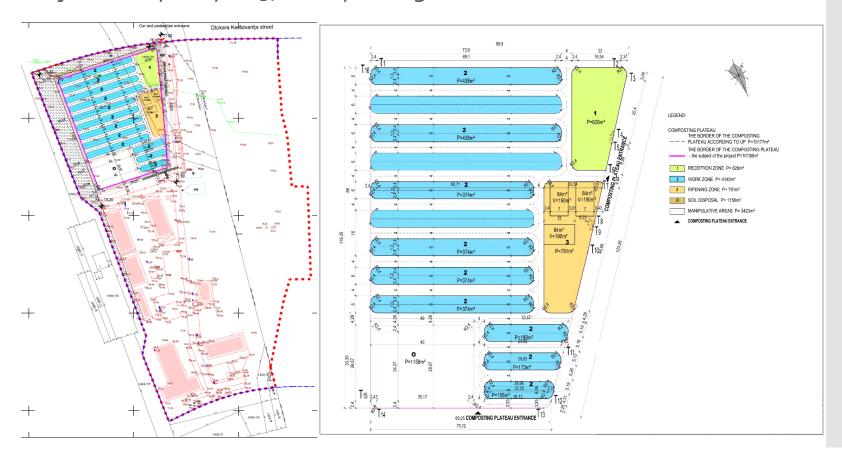
- Novi Sad 2nd largest city in Serbia
- Bačka Palanka
- Bački Petrovac
- Beocin
- Zabalj
- Srbobran
- Temerin
- Vrbas



- Total population: ~600,000
- Waste generation: ~205,000 t/year (~65,000 food waste, 33,000 garden waste and 6,000 green waste public areas)

### Current situation

- GIZ and USEPA assistance construction initiated in 2020
- Projected capacity of 5,000 t/year green waste



### Current operations







#### Upgrade plans

#### • Phase I:

- Current capacity: 1,500 t/year green waste from the City of Novi Sad
- Projected capacity of current operations: 5,000
  t/year green waste from the City of Novi Sad

#### • Phase 2:

- Pre-feasibility to study organic waste generation potential
- Expand capacity to accept green, garden, and commercial food waste from the greater South Bačka Waste Management Region

#### Capacity

 Current: 120m (length) x 3m (width) x 1m (height) x 4 rows x 3 times per year (triangle shape)

**1,512** t/year

• Maximum present capacity: 120m (length) x 3m (width) x 1.6m (height) x 4 rows x 3 times per year (trapezoid shape)

3,226 t/year

Maximum capacity: 1380m (total length of all rows) x 3m (width) x
 1.6m (height) x 4 times per year (trapezoid shape)

12.365 t/year

#### Scenarios

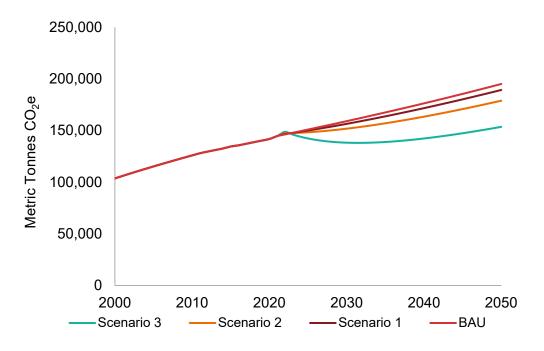
- The first scenario reflects collection schemes that are focused primarily on green waste from public area and parks.
- The second scenario relies on green waste from public areas and garden waste from households.
- The third scenario relies on green waste from public areas, garden waste from households and food waste from commercial sector.

	Green waste	Garden waste	Food waste
Scenario 1	90%	-	-
Scenario 2	90%	30%	-
Scenario 3	90%	70%	20%

# Economic analysis - OrganEcs outputs

Scenario	Capacity (t/year)	CAPEX (USD)	O&M/tonne in YR 1 Operations (\$/tonne of waste processed)
First scenario: Composting without forced aeration	5,528	\$806,700	\$36
Second scenario: Composting without forced aeration	15,384	\$1,578,700	\$30
Third scenario: Composting without forced aeration	41,467	\$3,025,500	\$30

## Environmental analysis – SWEET outputs



- Emissions reduction analysis conducted using EPA's Solid Waste Emissions Estimation Tool (SWEET)
- 30-year reductions
  - Scenario 1: -102,661 CO<sub>2</sub>e
  - Scenario 2: -285,696 CO<sub>2</sub>e
  - Scenario 3: -767,032 CO<sub>2</sub>e
- Sector-wide emissions reductions ranging from 3%-21%

#### Next steps

- Determine additional capacity to expand types and quantities of organic waste accepted at the Novi Sad composting plant
- Determine investment and training required for the expansion
- Determine how operations will be modified for the expansion
- Discuss the City's timeframe related to organic waste system implementation overall